

The Charlotte Democrat.

THIS PAPER IS 35 YEARS OLD

CHARLOTTE, N. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1887.

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THE
CHARLOTTE DEMOCRAT,
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY
YATES & STRONG.

TERMS—One Dollar and Fifty Cents for 1 year.
One Dollar for 6 months.
Subscription price due in advance.

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H. C. ECKLES. GEO. W. BRYAN.
CENTRAL HOTEL,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

The largest and most centrally located Hotel in the city.
Newly painted and refurnished. Electric Bell and Electric Lights. The Central and Belmont united.

ECKLES & BRYAN,
Proprietors.

J. P. McCOMBS, M. D.,
offers his professional services to the citizens of Charlotte and surrounding country. All calls, both night and day, promptly attended to.
Office in Brown's building, up stairs, opposite Charlotte Hotel.
Jan. 1, 1885.

Dr. Annie L. Alexander,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Practice limited to diseases of WOMEN and CHILDREN, and attention to Female patients.
Office, at Mrs. Latham's, 214 South Tryon street, nearly opposite the Post Office.
Charlotte, May 27, 1887. If

BURWELL & WALKER,
Attorneys at Law,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Will practice in the State and Federal Courts.
Office in Law Building.
Jan. 1, 1884.

HUGH W. HARRIS,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Will practice in the State and Federal Courts.
Office, First door west of Court House.
Oct. 17, 1885.

HERIOT CLARKSON,
Attorney-at-Law,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Will practice in all the Courts of this State.
Prompt attention given to collections.
Nov. 7, 1885. If

OSBORNE & MAXWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Will practice in the State and Federal Courts.
Office in 186 and 3 Law Building.
July 3, 1886. y

JONES & TILLET,
Attorneys at Law,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Practice in the Courts of this District and in Richmond county. Also, in the Federal Courts of the Western District.
Aug. 12, 1887.

G. F. BASON,
Attorney at Law,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Will practice in the State and Federal Courts. Office No. 16, Law Building.
Jan. 14, 1887. y

DR. M. A. BLAND,
Dentist,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Office in Brown's building, opposite Charlotte Hotel.
Gas used for the painless extraction of teeth.
Feb. 15, 1884.

DR. GEO. W. GRAHAM,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Practice limited to the
EYE, EAR AND THROAT.
Jan. 1, 1884.

HOFFMAN & ALEXANDER,
Surgeon Dentists,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Office over A. R. Nisbet & Co's store. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.
Jan. 1, 1885.

SPRINGS & BURWELL,
Grocers & Commission Merchants,
COR. COLLEGE AND 4TH STS.,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Jan. 1, 1887.

JOHN FARRIOR,
(No. 3, Tryon street, near Wriston's Drug Store),
Charlotte, N. C.
Practical Watch-Maker and Jeweler.
Keeps a full stock of handsome Jewelry Clocks, Spectacles, &c., which he will sell at a fair price.
Dealer in Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Silver-Plated Ware, &c.
Repairing of Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, &c., done promptly, and satisfaction assured.
Special attention given to fine Watch repairing.
Aug. 19, 1887.

FINE SHOES.
Complete Stock and Lowest Prices
Shoes, Trunks and Valises.
PEGRAM & CO.,
10 South Tryon street.
June 24, 1887.

GROCERIES, ETC
THE BEST STOCK
Heavy and Fancy Groceries,
CONFECTIONERIES,
Fruits, Canned Goods, etc., can be found at
A. R. & W. P. NISBET

THE MOON'S MAGNETISM.—M. Ligner, an Austrian meteorologist, claims to have ascertained after careful investigation that the moon has an influence on a magnetized needle varying with its declination. The phenomenon is said to be more prominently noticeable when the moon is near the earth, and to be very marked when she is passing from the full to her first and second quarter. The disturbances are found to be in their maximum when the moon is in the plane of the equator, and greater during the southern than it is during the northern declination.—*New York Sun.*

LAND FOR SALE.
I offer for sale, privately, a small tract of Land in Sharon township, adjoining Wm. Sample and others. The tract contains about 37 Acres, with a Dwelling and out-houses. For further information apply to the undersigned in person, or address me at Pineville P. O., N. C. If the Land is not sold by the middle of October, it will be for rent.

Sept. 2, 1887. 5w M. N. YANDLE

Administrator's Notice.
Having been appointed Administrator of the estate of the late Saml. E. Howie, I hereby give notice to all persons having claims against said Estate to present the same to me before the 3d day of September, 1888.

THOS. GLUYAS, Adm'r. of Saml. E. Howie.

Sept. 2, 1887. 6w

NEW GOODS ARRIVING.
CALL AND SEE THEM.
New lot of Navy Blue Twilled Flannel for Boys' Suits at 37½, 50 and 60 cents.

One lot of Towels, extra nice quality, at \$2.75 a dozen. Be sure to see them. New lot of Black Cashmeres, which will be sold at very close prices.

All-Wool HENRIETTES—something new. Ask to see them. Also, our new line of Black Camel's Hair. Our line of Blacks is very attractive throughout, and every lady making purchases in Mourning Goods will do well to examine our stock.

It remains a fact that we are selling the cheapest line of Hosiery that has ever been on the market.

The Goods are all new, bought at close figures, and sold at unusually close profits.

L. L. SEIGLE & CO.,
Aug. 19, 1887. 11 West Trade street.

HULLING CLOVER.
The Victor Clover Huller will thresh Clover for the public and is ready to start out at any time. Parties wanting to make engagement will please call on

J. G. SHANNONHOUSE, Or S. H. HILTON.

Aug. 19, 1887. 2w

Guns, Pistols AND AMMUNITION.

We are headquarters for these Goods. Have just opened up the finest and most complete line of Sporting Goods ever brought to this market.

Double and Single Breech Loading Shot Guns, all grades. London Fine Twist Muzzle Loading Guns, Breech Loading Rifles, all grades. Paper and Brass Shells. Breech Loading Implements, Shot Pouches and Belts, Powder Flasks, &c., &c.

We guarantee our retail prices on these Goods against New York or Baltimore. Call and be convinced.

HAMMOND & JUSTICE.

Rubber and Leather Belting.

Just received, a large lot of Rubber Belting of all sizes. We warrant every foot we sell and guarantee our prices against any house south of Baltimore.

HAMMOND & JUSTICE.

Oct. 29, 1886.

100,000 Pounds of RAGS WANTED.

Paid in Cash or Trade, at

ROSS & ADAMS'

Book and Stationery Store, No. 17 S. Tryon St.

July 9, 1886.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!!

New Stock, Low Prices.

We are rapidly filling our large and handsome New Store with New Goods to replace Stock destroyed by the fall of our building 14th May last.

The Merchants of the surrounding country have only to give us a trial to be convinced that we are selling Hardware as low as any house in the State.

HAMMOND & JUSTICE.

Oct. 9, 1886.

A. R. & W. B. NISBET,

Wholesale and Retail

Grocers and Confectioners,

DEALERS IN

Tobacco, Cigars, Musical Instruments, &c.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

The best stock of Groceries, Confectioneries

Price Canned Goods, Toys, Musical Instruments,

Strings, Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Wooden-Ware

Paper Bags, Canned Goods, Glass Jellies, Crackers,

Powder, Shot, Salt, &c., in the city, will be found at our

Wholesale and Retail Store.

Call and see us before buying.

A. R. & W. B. NISBET

Lanterns, &c.

We have the Improved Tubular Lantern; also the

Buckeye, with Double Globes.

R. H. JORDAN & CO.

Dr. Scott's Electric Hair Curler

Immediately crimps, bangs or curls the Hair to any desired shape.

R. H. JORDAN & CO.

Dodge's CHICKEN CHOLERA CURE.

A certain Cure for Cholera, for sale by

W. M. WILSON & CO.,

Charlotte, N. C.

Budwell's

Emulsion Cod Liver Oil at

W. M. WILSON & CO'S.

Butter Color,

For making Yellow Butter.

W. M. WILSON & CO.,
March 18, 1887. Druggists

PILES!

Water Cured Seat, a new and valuable device for the cure and prevention of Piles. No cure no pay.

For further information apply to

E. NYE HUTCHISON M. D.,
Charlotte, July 22, 1887. Agt. for Patent.

On the Shore.

Beyond those sunset bars of gold,
Which light the waves of the purple sea,
Near the crystal river, the pearly gate,
I know you are watching and waiting for me.

Not weary, not fearful, for time with you
Is never measured by lingering years,
And the golden points on the dial's face
Are numbered by smiles and not by tears.

Tonight, as I walked on the lonely shore,
And list to the mournful sargassos beat,
I think of the music that falls on your ear,
Of the beautiful blossoms that lie at your feet.

And 'tis joy to know that no grief of mine
Can darken a brow so bright and fair;
Yet I sometimes fancy my spirit can feel
A gleam from the glorious radiance there.

A boat will lie shortly on yonder wave,
The boatman be drawing toward the shore;
His call of warning I soon shall hear,
And the soft, low splash of his ready oar.

He will bear me safely, his arm is strong,
Till the walls of the golden gate I see;
And when I reach it your task is done,
There is no more watching and waiting for me.

Our word "dollar" dates back to 1785, when a resolution was passed by Congress which provided that it should be the unit of money of the United States.

Another resolution was passed in 1785, Aug. 5, providing that it should weigh 375.64 grains of pure silver.

The mint was established in 1792, and was then required to coin silver dollars containing 371.25 grains of pure silver.

This was due to the influence of Alexander Hamilton. No dollars were coined until 1794, and then irregular. They are now worth \$100 each. In 1794 the coinage of regular dollars began. Our coin was an adaptation of the Spanish milled dollar, a coin very popular wherever Spaniards traveled.

The coin was called "piastre," meaning a flat piece of metal; it is synonymous with piastre.

HOT WATER AND LEMON JUICE.—An intelligent professional man has long been troubled with an inactive liver, which caused him a world of pain. A friend advised him to take a glass of hot water with the juice of half a lemon squeezed into it, and found himself better almost immediately. His daily headaches, which medicine had failed to cure, left him, his appetite improved, and he gained several pounds within a few weeks.

NEW GROCERY STORE.

W. M. LYLES & CO.,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Trade Street, Central Hotel Building.

We keep a supply of Heavy and Fancy Groceries of the best grade, such as Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Syrup, Bacon, Hams, best grade of Flour, Canned Goods, &c.

One car load of SALT just received.

We do a cash business, and therefore sell Goods at the lowest market rates.

We buy all kinds of

Country Produce,

Such as Wheat, Corn, Oats, Rye, Dried Fruit of all kinds,

Butter, Eggs, Chickens, &c.

We pay cash for country Produce, and invite a share of patronage.

W. M. LYLES & CO.

Aug. 19, 1887. 6m

PEGRAM & CO.,

DEALER IN

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Trunks And Valises,

(First National Bank Building),

SOUTH TRYON ST., CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Specialties in Hats.

The "Boss Raw Edge" Soft Hats, the "Light Weight" Silk Hats, most approved style.

Trunks and Valises, very superior line.

Ladies' High Button Boots, Misses' High Button Boots, Children's High Button Boots.

Leather Back Bound Slipper Socks, Lamb's Bound Slipper Socks, Porpoise Laces, Alma Polish, Fine Button Hooks, Stocking Heel Protectors.

Aug. 26, 1887.

Dr. Bragg's Liver Pills.

These Pills are peculiarly adapted to the following Diseases:

Bilious, Intermittent and Remittent Fevers, Sick Headache, Piles, Indigestion, Constipation, Colic, Jaundice, Dropsy, Dysentery, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, Eruptions of the Skin, Nervousness, and all Disorders that arise from a diseased Liver or impure blood.

Prepared only at the Laboratory of

W. M. WILSON & CO.,

Trade St., Charlotte, N. C.

Feb. 11, 1887.

E. M. ANDREWS,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Has the largest and most complete stock of

FURNITURE

In the State.

Also, Baby Carriages, Coffins, Metallic Cases and Burial Suits.

I buy largely and sell cheap.

No charge for Packing or Drayage.

Pianos and Organs

Of the best makes on the installment plan. Low prices and easy terms. I am Agent for LUD- DEN & BATES' MUSIC HOUSE.

E. M. ANDREWS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer,

Next to Wittkowsky & Baruch.

Feb. 12, 1886.

Bibles and Testaments.

The Mecklenburg County Bible Society keep at its Depository at the Store of W. A. Truelow on Tryon street, a well selected stock of Bibles, Testaments, Psalms and Gospels, which can be had at actual cost; and will be furnished to persons unable to purchase, gratuitously.

Oct. 1, 1886. pd

It Pays to be a Gentleman.

We listened lately to a talk from a distinguished orator to some school boys and girls and some of his remarks were so pertinent that we cannot forbear quoting them.

To the boys he said: "Let me impress upon you boys, every one of you, that it pays to be a gentleman. I do not mean a gentleman in the conventional sense. To be that, you have only to do your work, wear fine clothes, keep daily fingers that are never subjected to any severer task than twirling a feeble mustache, and affect an utter ignorance of whatever is practical. I hardly think it pays to be a gentleman after this style. The creature evolved by the above named arts, is the very opposite of a gentleman; for he is a mere bundle of selfishness, and the first element of the true gentleman is an utterance of self, in regard to others. Remember, boys, if you cultivate your heart into a tender care for other people's rights and feelings, you will have no need of a Turveydrop to teach you deportment. The observance of the rule, 'do unto others as you would that they should do unto you,' will make you a gentleman in the true acceptance of that term, and nothing else will. And let me urge you to bear it in mind that you must be gentlemen if you hope for a career rightly successful. I need not tell you that a great many men win money, and some occupy large places in the world, who live for self, and care little whom they trample down in their schemes for gain. If to be rich and powerful fills the conception of success, these are successful. But to be selfishly great, to be both body and great and greatly good, and assuredly you would set before your ambition no such an end. The acquirement of wealth at the expense of cutting yourself off from human sympathy and love is a fearful bad bargain. It is in fact a selling of the soul for worldly gain which the great Teacher characterizes as the sum of folly. But when you are lifted to wealth, position and power because of your exhibition of true gentlemanly grace, the elevation he speaks your advancement in the nobility of manhood."—*Sunny South.*

A Liberal Education.

In an address at the alumni dinner at Amherst College one of the speakers had this to say: "If you will visit the factories of Lewiston and Lawrence, the machine shops of Taunton and Manchester, you will find, as for years past, numbers of young men, graduates of Amherst, of Yale and of Harvard, who having forsaken the pleasant companionships and congenial associations of the scholar's life, have donned the overalls of the day laborer and are working with their hands the same as any operative, with the same hours, under the same stringent rules, commencing in the lowest room, cleaning iron castings, with no privileges except that when they have thoroughly mastered the handiwork of one room they are advanced to the next, until, finally, at the end of about three years they have completed their professional education. Hard-headed business men with large pecuniary interests at stake, recognize that in this way they secure the liberally educated man, hand and head all trained to where to trust the management of their shops and treasuries to insure the best returns. Will any one question that such a preparation makes a liberal profession?"

HOME-MADE ICE.—Take a cylindrical earthen vessel and pour 34 ounces of commercial sulphuric acid and 1½ ounces of water into it, and then add 1 ounce of powdered sulphate of soda. In the center of this mixture, place a smaller vessel containing the water to be frozen; then cover the vessel, and, if possible, revolve the whole with a gentle motion. In a few minutes, the water in the small vessel will be converted into ice. The same mixture can be used a second or third time for making a block of ice. The operation should, if possible, be performed in a cool place, in a cellar, for example.—*La Science en Famille.*

A son of an Army officer some years ago wanted to secure a clerkship in one of the departments at Washington, but his father dissuaded him and advised him to undertake any other employment that was honorable. The young man secured a job as railroad brakeman and stuck to it. Now he is assistant superintendent of the road.

There have been twenty-two Presidents of the United States. Five of them were elected at fifty seven, and six attained the great age before the age of fifty. Three military men past sixty have been elected; two died very soon, and the other was Gen. Jackson, and he was but sixty one when elected.

To restore faded ink on parchment, etc., the Bodleian Library, at Oxford, has long employed hydrosulphuric acid, a solution of which is spread in a thin layer over the writing, by means of a camel's hair pencil.

Special rates for two or more from same family.

For Circulars and Catalogue, address

REV. R. BURWELL & SON,

July 8, 1887. 2m Raleigh, N. C.

KING'S

Blood and Liver Pills.

King's Pills are peculiarly adapted to the following Diseases: Bilious, Intermittent and Remittent Fevers, Sick Headache, Piles, Indigestion, Constipation, Colic, Jaundice, Dropsy, Dysentery, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, Eruptions of the Skin, Nervousness, and all Disorders that arise from a Diseased Liver or Impure Blood. For sale by

BURWELL & DUNN, Druggists,

Charlotte, N. C.

April 15, 1887.

The largest apple orchard in the United States is claimed by Fairmount, in Leavenworth county, Kansas. It contains 437 acres and is composed of 50,000 trees of the following varieties: 70 acres of Winesaps, 240 acres of Ben Davis, 70 acres of Missouri Pippins, 40 acres of Genets, eight acres of Cooper's Early and eight acres of Maiden's Blush. Last year's crop is estimated at 40,000 bushels.

TRUE AS GOSPEL.—You had as well take your guano, acid phosphate and other commercial fertilizers and dump them into the creek as to use on lands devoid of vegetable matter. And your stable manure and cotton seed will pay you twice as well on land rested, or placed in pees or some small grain and sown under in the fall after the sap has returned to the ground.—*Scotland Neck Democrat.*

It appears that Congressman Phelan of Memphis is not, after all, the youngest member of the Fiftyeth Congress. Congressman Shively of Indiana, was born in March, 1857, a year later than Mr. Phelan.

The Goat and the Grog.

An English paper cites an incident wherein a goat not only resisted his human master, but emphatically vindicated his own principles. "Billy" belonged to a regiment, and never was a goat more attentive to public duty than was he. In the mess-room he was a welcome guest, and received many a dairy morsel from the friendly hands of the men. One night, however, it happened that Col. Price, in a spirit of mischief, proposed that the goat should be offered a glass of liquor. Accordingly, he condescendingly held out his cup, and Billy, after a suspicious preliminary sniff qualified off the contents. Another and yet another of the men offered Billy a drink, and an invitation he could not resist.

Finally, the large southern vessel which held the beer at the head of the table was placed upon the floor, and Billy was directed to help himself, which he proceeded to do with such hearty good will that he became helplessly, unmistakably intoxicated.

The next morning he was absent from roll call and no one could tempt him to leave the stable during the entire day.

When the second evening's mess began without him, the Colonel was requested to bring the deserter before a court martial of those who had witnessed his tipping.

It was with difficulty that Billy was dragged into the room which he evidently remembered as the scene of his disgrace. His appearance was greeted with a cheer, but sadly changed were his looks. His once glossy coat had an unkempt appearance, while the once proud and erect head was lowered in shame.

"Come, Billy, take a drink," said the sergeant at the head of the table.

The words seemed to rouse the animal. He lifted his head, his eye lit up, his fore hoof beat the floor. With a snort, a rush, and a bound, Billy butted full against the large earthen vessel containing the men's evening allowance of ale, breaking it into a thousand pieces. Then, with his head once more erect, he stalked proudly out of the room.

"And, really," said the corporal who told the incident, "Billy" was the best blue-ribbon lecture I ever listened to."

Curious Hysterical Epidemic.

A curious outbreak of convulsionist mania, analogous to those which occurred from time to time during the middle ages, has shown itself at Agosta, in the province of Rome.

For some weeks past the country people have been laboring under the delusion that the district is under the immediate government of the evil one, and before retiring to rest they carefully place on the threshold the broom and the salt, which are credited with the power of keeping off evil spirits. Many of the younger women have epileptic attacks, during which they utter piercing shrieks and are violently convulsed. So serious has the condition of things become that the syndico of Agosta found it necessary to inform the prefect, who sent detachments of soldiers into the district in order to calm the apprehensions of the inhabitants.

As a natural consequence of this condition of mental perturbation the country is overrun with quacks, who claim to possess the only infallible remedy for the seizure of these convulsions. The vendors of which was making a rich harvest from its sale, was found on analysis to consist of earth, snuff and borax. Three medical men who were commissioned to investigate the cause and nature of this extraordinary affection came to the conclusion that it was an epidemic of hysteria.